



Cordis DX

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 Scientific Director: George Nasioulas PhD

SAMPLE INFORMATION

Name :	-	Date Received :	-
Medical ID :	-	Date of Report :	-
Date of Birth :	-	Req. Physician :	-
Location :	-	Barcode :	XXXXXXXXEN
Material :	-	Reason for Referral:	-

Cordis Panel by Next Generation Sequencing

Result

PATHOGENIC VARIANT IDENTIFIED

Gene	Variant	Clinical Significance	Zygosity
LAMP2	NM_002294:c.877C>T, p.(Arg293*)	Pathogenic variant	Heterozygous



Electronically Signed by - Eirini Papadopoulou, PhD Molecular Biologist, AMKA: 10097202500
 - George Nasioulas, PhD Molecular Biologist, Scientific Director, AMKA:26025301255

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Variant Details

***LAMP2*, Exon 7, NM_002294:c.877C>T, p.(Arg293*)**

ClinGen

HPO

ClinVar

This is a replacement of a nucleotide base at position 877 of the *LAMP2* gene leading to the replacement of Arginine by a termination codon at position 293 of the *LAMP2* protein. The resulting protein is expected to be truncated and inactive. This mutation has been described in the international literature in individuals with Danon syndrome and hypertrophic cardiomyopathy ([PMID: 20960602](#), [21896538](#), [23168931](#)). In the mutation database ClinVar it is described as a pathogen ([Variation ID: 163812](#)). The ACMG / AMP guidelines codes used for the classification are as follows: PVS1, PM2, PP1, PP5 and PS2 ([PMID: 31479589](#), [25741868](#)). For the above reasons, this mutation is characterized as pathogenic. Based on the international literature, it is recommended to check the relatives of the examinee for this mutation.

The *LAMP2* gene encodes lysosomal membrane protein-2, a major component of lysosomal membrane glycoproteins with a key role in the targeted introduction of cytoplasmic proteins into lysosomes for degradation ([PMID: 8146882](#)). The *LAMP2* gene is associated with Danon disease a (MedGen UID: 209235, [PMID: 31424795](#)). Danon disease is a rare genetic disorder characterized by an X-linked dominant inheritance pattern, as a result of which males are more severely affected than females ([PMID: 30857840](#)). It is characterized by weakening of the heart muscle (cardiomyopathy), weakening of the skeletal muscles (myopathy) and mental retardation. Individuals with mutations in the *LAMP2* gene who develop hypertrophic cardiomyopathy without the other characteristic features of Danon disease have been described ([PMID: 20960602](#), [21896538](#), [23168931](#)).

Genetic counseling is recommended to better explain the result. First-degree relatives have a 50% possibility of having inherited the same mutation and it is recommended that they undergo genetic testing.



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Methodology

Genomic DNA was extracted from the sample under investigation and was analysed by a solution based capture approach using SureSelect Custom Constitutional Panel 17 Mb (Agilent Technologies). These regions include exons and adjacent intronic regions of the genes analyzed. Sequencing was carried out using is carried out using the DNBSEQ-G50 sequencing platform (MGI). Reads were aligned to the reference sequence (GRCh37), and sequence changes were identified and interpreted in the context of a single clinically relevant transcript. All targeted regions were sequenced with $\geq 20x$ depth. 158 Genes described in OMIM and HGMD databases as genes associated with disease were selected (Table 1). The presence of large genomic rearrangements (LGRs), is investigated using the commercial computational algorithm SeqPilot Version 4.4 Build 505 (JSI Medical System). The presence of LGRs is verified by use the MLPA method (Multiplex Ligation-dependent Probe Amplification, MRC Holland; AJHG 67:841-50, 2000). *Notes:

Every molecular test has an internal 0,5-1% chance of failure. This is due to rare molecular events and factors related to the preparation and analysis of the samples.

The method used achieves 99% sensitivity and specificity for single nucleotide variants and insertions and deletions <15bp. Sensitivity to detect genomic rearrangements smaller than two full exons may be reduced. Balanced genomic rearrangements cannot be detected.



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Details about non-pathogenic variants

All individuals carry DNA changes (i.e., variants), and most variants do not increase an individual's risk of disease. When identified, variants of uncertain significance (VUS) are reported. Benign variants (Polymorphisms) are not reported and available data indicate that these variants most likely do not cause increased disease risk. Present evidence does not suggest that non-clinically significant variant findings can be used to modify patient medical management beyond what is indicated by the personal and family history and any other clinically significant findings.

Genes Analyzed (Table 1)

A2ML1	ABCC6	ABCC8	ABCC9	ABL1	ACAD9	ACTA1	ACTA2	ACTC1
ACTN2	ACVRL1	ADAMTS10	ADAMTS17	ADAMTSL4	AGK	AGL	AKAP9	ALDH18A1
ALMS1	ALPK3	ANK2	ANKRD1	APOA1	AQP1	ATP7A	B3GAT3	BAG3
BGN	BMPR1B	BMPR2	BRAF	CACNA1C	CACNA2D1	CACNB2	CALM1	CALM2
CALM3	CALR3	CASQ2	CASZ1	CAV1	CAV3	CBL	CBS	CDH2
CHRM2	CHST14	COL1A1	COL1A2	COL2A1	COL3A1	COL4A5	COL5A1	COL5A2
COL5A2	COX15	CRYAB	CSRP3	CTC1	CTNNA3	DBH	DEPDC5	DES
DMD	DOLK	DPM3	DSC2	DSG2	DSP	DTNA	DYSF	EEF1A2
EFEMP2	EIF2AK4	ELAC2	ELN	EMD	ENG	ENPP1	EPG5	ETFA
ETFB	ETFDH	EYA4	FBLN5	FBN1	FBN2	FBXL4	FHL1	FHL2
FHOD3	FKBP14	FKRP	FKTN	FLNA	FLNC	FOXE3	FXN	GAA
GATA4	GATA5	GATAD1	GBE1	GDF2	GJA5	GLA	GLB1	GPD1L
GSK3B	GYS1	HADHA	HAND1	HCN4	HFE	HRAS	ILK	JPH2
JUP	KCNA1	KCNA5	KCND3	KCNE1	KCNE2	KCNE3	KCNE5	KCNH2
KCNJ2	KCNJ5	KCNJ8	KCNK3	KCNQ1	KCNQ2	KCNQ3	KCNT1	KLHL24
KRAS	LAMA4	LAMP2	LDB3	LMNA	LOX	LZTR1	MAP2K1	MAP2K2
MAT2A	MED12	MEF2A	MFAP5	MIB1	MLYCD	MRAS	MYBPC3	MYH11
MYH6	MYH7	MYL2	MYL3	MYL4	MYLK	MYLK2	MYOT	MYOZ2
MYPN	NDUFAF2	NEBL	NEXN	NF1	NFU1	NKX2-5	NOS1AP	NOTCH1
NOTCH3	NPPA	NRAS	NUP155	PCCA	PCCB	PCDH19	PDLIM3	PKP2
PLEC	PLN	PLOD1	PRDM16	PRKAG2	PRKG1	PTPN11	RAF1	RANGRF
RASA1	RASA2	RBCK1	RBM20	RIT1	RMND1	RYR1	RYR2	SALL4
SARS2	SCN10A	SCN1A	SCN1B	SCN2B	SCN3B	SCN4B	SCN5A	SCN8A
SCN9A	SDHA	SGCD	SHOC2	SKI	SLC25A4	SLC2A1	SLC2A10	SLC39A13
SLMAP	SMAD2	SMAD3	SMAD4	SMAD6	SMAD9	SNTA1	SOS1	SOS2
SOX17	SPRED1	STRA6	SYNE1	SYNE2	TAB2	TAZ	TBX20	TBX4
TBX5	TCAP	TECRL	TGFB2	TGFB3	TGFBR1	TGFBR2	TMEM43	TMPO
TNNC1	TNNI3	TNNI3K	TNNT2	TPM1	TRDN	TRPM4	TTN	TTR
TXNRD2	VCL	VPS13A	XK	ZDHHC9	ZNF469			



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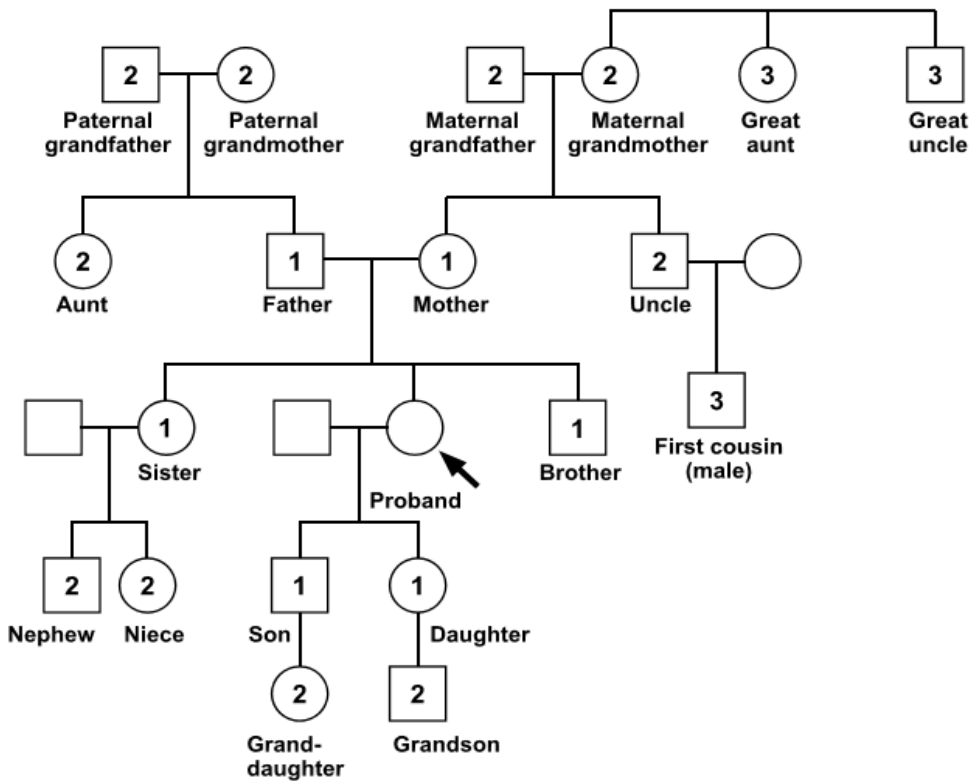
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Family tree



Note: The information shown on the family tree has been provided by the patient and not by medical records.



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